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## Similarity: Trigonometric Ratios

We already know that any right triangle with a given acute angle is similar to every other right triangle with that same acute angle measure (AA Postulate). We can use the AA Postulate to discover properties of the angles in the triangle:

Example: $C D$ intersects right triangle, $\triangle A B C$. Identify whether $\triangle A B C \sim \triangle C B D \sim \triangle A C D$


Notice that $\triangle C B D$ and $\triangle A C D$ are also right triangles
$\triangle A B C \sim \triangle A C D$ because of $A A: m \angle A=m \angle A ; m \angle C=m \angle D$.
$\triangle A B C \sim \triangle C B D$ because of $A A: m \angle B=m \angle B ; m \angle D=m \angle C$
$\triangle C B D \sim \triangle A C D$ because of $A A: m \angle C=m \angle C ; m \angle D=m \angle D$

Therefore, $\triangle A B C \sim \triangle C B D \sim \triangle A C D$


Trigonometric ratios are established ratios used to find the acute angle measures in right triangles. For example, to find the $m \angle A$ in $\triangle A B C$ above, apply the trigonometric ratio, sine, to compare the values of opposite leg a to hypotenuse $c$.

$$
\sin A={ }^{C B} / A B
$$

If the measurement of $a$ is unknown, use cosine to compare the values of the adjacent leg to the hypotenuse:

$$
\operatorname{Cos} A={ }^{A C} / C B
$$

A summary of these ratios, their shortenings (how they appear on your calculator), and the values they compare are listed below. Note that theta ( $\theta$ ) is a Greek symbol used to represent the unknown angle.

| Trigonometric Ratio | Shortening | Values Compared |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sine | $\sin \theta$ | Opposite leq <br> Hypotenuse |
| Cosine | $\cos \theta$ | Adjacent Leg <br> Hypotenuse |

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
Practice. Identify the sine or cosine.

1. $\sin \theta=$

2. $\sin \theta=$

3. $\cos \theta=$

4. $\sin \theta=$

5. $\cos \theta=$

6. $\cos \theta=$

7. $\sin \theta=$

8. $\sin \theta=$

9. $\cos \theta=$

10. $\sin \theta=$


Name: $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Answer Key

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1. $\sin \theta=\frac{1}{4}$
2. $\cos \theta=3 / 8$
3. $\sin \theta=3 / 5$
4. $\sin \theta=10 / 5 \sqrt{2}=2 \sqrt{2}$
5. $\cos \theta=2 \sqrt{2}$
6. $\sin \theta=15 / 25=3 / 5$
7. $\sin \theta=3 / 3 \sqrt{2}=\sqrt{2} / 2$
8. $\cos \theta=\frac{1}{2}$
9. $\cos \theta=4 / 5$
10. $\sin \theta=4 / 5$
