## Area of a Rectangle and Triangle

Name: $\qquad$
To find the area of a rectangle, multiply the length and width. $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W}$. To find the area of a triangle, multiply $1 / 2 x$ base $x$ height. $A=1 / 2(b x h)$
1)


Area of a rectangle $=$ $\qquad$
Area of a triangle = $\qquad$
3)


Area of a rectangle = $\qquad$
Area of a triangle $=$ $\qquad$
5)


Area of a rectangle $=$ Area of a triangle $=$

5 mm
7)


Area of a rectangle $=$ $\qquad$
Area of a triangle $=$ $\qquad$
2)


Area of a rectangle $=$ $\qquad$ Area of a triangle =
4)


Area of a rectangle = $\qquad$ Area of a triangle = $\qquad$
6)


Area of a rectangle $=$ $\qquad$
Area of a triangle = $\qquad$
8)


Area of a rectangle $=$ $\qquad$
Area of a triangle $=$ $\qquad$

## Area of a Rectangle and Triangle

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
To find the area of a rectangle, multiply the length and width. $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{Lx} \mathrm{W}$.
To find the area of a triangle, multiply $1 / 2 \times$ base $x$ height. $A=1 / 2(b \times h)$


Area of a rectangle $=80 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=40 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
3)


Area of a rectangle $=12 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
5)


Area of a rectangle $=21 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=10.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

5 mm
7)


Area of a rectangle $=50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
2)


Area of a rectangle $=99 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=49.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
4)


Area of a rectangle $=40 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=20 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
6)


Area of a rectangle $=24 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=12 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
8)


Area of a rectangle $=44 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
Area of a triangle $=22 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

